

Archaeological Watching Brief Report



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## **Archaeological Watching Brief Report**

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Figure 1: Site and test pit location plan

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South facing representative section of Test Pit 6 North-west facing representative section of Test Pit 10 Plate 2:



## **Archaeological Watching Brief Report**

#### **Summary**

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Mclaren Group Ltd through their agent Terence O'Rourke Ltd to undertake an archaeological watching brief on land at the McLaren Technology Centre, Woking, Surrey. The archaeological watching brief comprised of monitoring the excavation of 10 geotechnical test pits which were located on the proposed building development. The work was undertaken the 23<sup>rd</sup> to 24<sup>th</sup> June 2014.

No evidence of any archaeological features were found during the watching brief however test pits 8, 9 and 10 did display signs of modern disturbance which may have been associated with the landscaping of the grounds of the McLaren Production Centre (MPC) building.



## **Archaeological Watching Brief Report**

#### **Acknowledgements**

Wessex Archaeology would like to thank John Trehy of Terence O'Rourke Ltd for commissioning the work on behalf of McLaren Group Ltd. The help and assistance of Tom (Hydrock) was greatly appreciated during the ground works was greatly appreciated. We would also like to thank Gary Jackson and Alex Eggington of the Surrey County Council Heritage Conservation Team for their assistance throughout the project.

The field work was undertaken by Simon Flaherty, who also wrote this report. The report Illustrations were drawn by Linda Coleman and Nancy Dixon. The project was managed on behalf of Wessex Archaeology by Gareth Chaffey.



### **Archaeological Watching Report**

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Project background

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology (WA) were commissioned by McLaren Group Ltd (the Client), through their agent Terence O'Rourke Ltd (the Consultant), to undertake an archaeological watching brief on land at the McLaren Technology Centre, Woking, Surrey, centred on National Grid Reference (NGR) 501350, 161480 (hereafter 'the Site') (**Figure 1**).
- 1.1.2 The Site is subject of development proposals that comprise construction of two further buildings to the north and west of the current McLaren Production Centre (MPC) building. The buildings are understood to comprise a wind tunnel and a special operations building. Each building is multi storey and contains at least one basement level.
- 1.1.3 The watching brief was required in order to provide a means of preservation by record of any archaeological remains which may exist in the area of archaeological potential, as identified through a programme of trial trench evaluation carried out on the Site (WA 2010a).
- 1.1.4 A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for the watching brief (WA 2014) was prepared by Wessex Archaeology and submitted to, and approved by, the Heritage Conservation Team, of Surrey County Council, prior to the start of the fieldwork. The watching brief was undertaken in accordance with the Institute for *Archaeologist's Guidance for Archaeological Watching Brief* (as amended in 2008).
- 1.1.5 The fieldwork was undertaken from 23rd to 24th June 2014

#### 1.2 The Site

- 1.2.1 The Site is located on the gently undulating ground, which generally slopes down from north to south, from a high point in the north west of 32m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) to 23m aOD at the southern edge of the Site.
- 1.2.2 The Site is located to the south of the McLaren Technology Centre (MTC), and covers an area of approximately 34.59 hectares. The footprint of the proposed MPC development comprises an area of 3.8 ha situated to the south-east of the overall Site (**Figure 1**).
- 1.2.3 Immediately to the south of the McLaren Technology Centre the Site is currently covered in soft landscaping, while the land to the west is utilised as arable fields. A former landfill site lies towards and within the southern boundary of the Site.
- 1.2.4 The underlying local geology is listed as the Bagshot Beds and Claygate Beds with alluvium possibly present above these strata (Geological Survey of Great Britain 1:50,000 map sheet 269).



#### 2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

#### 2.1 Introduction

- 2.1.1 A detailed archaeological and historical background for the site has been compiled and presented previously (WA 2014), and as such will not be repeated here.
- 2.1.2 In summary, Surrey Council Archaeological Unit recorded evidence from the Mesolithic or Early Neolithic through to the post-medieval periods within the area of the MPC (SCAU 1997, 1998a and 1998b).
- 2.1.3 Investigations by Wessex Archaeology (WA 2009, 2010a & 2010b) identified the presence of two Iron Age gullies forming a track or drove way and a pit that contained a single sherd of Iron Age pottery. The low number s of features and paucity of dating suggests these features were on the periphery of any archaeological focus.
- 2.1.4 The eastern area of the Site was shown to have been extensively landscaped resulting in a severe impact on any surviving archaeological remains. A former land fill was located within the southern boundary of the Site; in this area there were also several layers of modern made ground.

#### 3 METHODOLOGY

#### 3.1 Aims and objectives

- 3.1.1 The aims of the watching brief were:
  - to determine the presence or absence of archaeological remains, and should remains be present, to ensure their preservation by record to the highest possible standard;
  - to confirm the approximate date or date range of the remains, by means of artefactual or other evidence;
  - to determine or confirm the approximate extent of any remains;
  - to determine the condition and state of preservation of the remains;
  - to determine the degree of complexity of the horizontal and/or vertical stratigraphy present; and
  - to prepare a report on the results of the watching brief.

#### 3.2 Fieldwork methodology

- 3.2.1 The watching brief was conducted according to the agreed WSI (WA 2014) and comprised the excavation of ten geotechnical trial pits each measuring approx 3m x 0.6m in size (see **Appendix 1** for details). The location of these trenches has been indicated in **Figure 1**. All proposed test pits were excavated.
- 3.2.2 Prior to machining, the test pit locations were scanned by Hydrock using a cable tracing device. The test pits were excavated under constant archaeological supervision using a backhoe mechanical excavator employing a toothless ditching bucket. The turf, topsoil and subsoil were stored separately to facilitate appropriate backfilling and consolidation of each trench following the completion of recording.



- 3.2.3 All potential features and deposits of possible archaeological origin were partially excavated to ascertain their nature and function and were fully recorded using WA's *proforma* record sheets. All deposits were assigned a unique number.
- 3.2.4 A full photographic record was maintained using colour slide, black and white and digital photography. Digital photography adhered to the National Monument Records Digital Imaging Guidelines. A full graphic record was maintained. The site drawings were drawn at an appropriate scale, typically 1:10 for sections and 1:20 for plans.
- 3.2.5 Site survey was carried out using a Leica Viva series GNSS unit using the OS National GPS Network through an RTK network with a 3D accuracy of 30mm or below. All survey data was recorded using the OSGB36 British National Grid coordinate system.

#### 4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

#### 4.1 Natural deposits and soil sequences

- 4.1.1 The deposit sequence varied slightly between **Test Pits 1** to **7**. The topsoil consisted of a mid brownish grey silty sand and varied in thickness between 0.23m to 0.37m. **Test Pits 2** and **3** contained a subsoil that was between 0.12m and 0.2m thick respectively and consisted of a mid brown silty clay sand. The natural geology was encountered at a depth of 0.23m to 0.53m and consisted of a light yellow brown clay sand.
- 4.1.2 **Test Pits 8**, **9** and **10** were the subject of disturbance likely to be associated with the construction of the McLaren Production Centre and subsequent phases of landscaping. All had a layer of topsoil as described above between 0.19m and 0.27m in thickness. This overlies a light yellow brown clay sand redeposited natural layer varying in thickness between 0.08m and 0.28m. **Test Pit 8** contained a mid grey brown silty sand layer of redeposited topsoil that contained Ceramic Building Material (C.B.M) between 0.29m-0.40m. This overlaid the natural. **Test Pit 9** contained a made ground layer that started at 0.58m below ground level (bgl) and continued to the full depth of the trench at 4.1m (bgl). Natural was encountered at a depth of 1.10m in the western corner of the trench. **Test Pit 10** contained made ground from a depth of 0.35m-1.8m. Below this there appeared to be natural deposit **1004** however at a depth of 2.5m-2.8m a mid grey brown silty sand was encountered. Accurate recording of the deposit was not possible due to its depth within the test pit. It may represent a lens within the natural geology. From 2.8m a layer **1006** identical to **1004** was encountered.

#### 5 ARTEFACTUAL EVIDENCE

5.1.1 A single piece of burnt flint was recovered from the top soil of **Test Pit 4**, although not definitively prehistoric it may suggest a low level of prehistoric activity around the site

#### **6 ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE**

6.1.1 No material suitable for environmental analysis was present within the monitored areas.

#### 7 CONCLUSION

7.1.1 No archaeological remains were encountered during the watching brief. The area around **Trenches 1** to **7** appear to be undisturbed by modern construction activity. However **Trenches 8**, **9** and **10** located on the southern edge of the site show signs of modern disturbance most likely due to the construction of the McLaren Production Centre located to the south of the Site.



#### 8 STORAGE AND CURATION

#### 8.1 Museum

8.1.1 It is recommended that the project archive resulting from the excavation be deposited with Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre. The Museum has agreed in principle to accept the project archive on completion of the project, under the accession code 72743. Deposition of any finds with the Museum will only be carried out with the full agreement of the landowner.

#### 8.2 Archive

- 8.2.1 The complete site archive, which will include paper records, photographic records, graphics, artefacts, ecofacts and digital data, will be prepared following the standard conditions for the acceptance of excavated archaeological material by **Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre**, and in general following nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1995; IfA 2009; Brown 2011; ADS 2013). Details of the archaeological watching brief will also be entered into the online "OASIS" database maintained by the Archaeological Data Service (ADS). A copy of the OASIS entry has been included in this report (**Appendix 2**).
- 8.2.2 All archive elements will be marked with the **72743**, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive comprises the following:
  - 1 file/document case of paper records & A3/A4 graphics

#### 8.3 Discard policy

- 8.3.1 Wessex Archaeology follows the guidelines set out in *Selection, Retention and Dispersal* (Society of Museum Archaeologists 1993), which allows for the discard of selected artefact and ecofact categories which are not considered to warrant any future analysis. Any discard of artefacts will be fully documented in the project archive.
- 8.3.2 The discard of environmental remains and samples follows nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1993; 1995; English Heritage 2002).

#### 8.4 Copyright

8.4.1 The full copyright of the written/illustrative archive relating to the site will be retained by Wessex Archaeology Ltd under the *Copyright, Designs and Patents Act* 1988 with all rights reserved. The Museum, however, will be granted an exclusive licence for the use of the archive for educational purposes, including academic research, providing that such use shall be non-profitmaking, and conforms to the *Copyright and Related Rights* regulations 2003.

#### 8.5 Security Copy

8.5.1 In line with current best practice (e.g. Brown 2011), on completion of the project a security copy of the written records will be prepared, in the form of a digital PDF/A file. PDF/A is an ISO-standardised version of the Portable Document Format (PDF) designed for the digital preservation of electronic documents through omission of features ill-suited to long-term archiving.

#### 9 REFERENCES

ADS 2013, Caring for Digital Data in Archaeology: a guide to good practice, Archaeology Data Service & Digital Antiquity Guides to Good Practice



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### **APPENDIX 1 – TEST PIT TABLES**

bgl = below ground level

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 1 Type: Machin					ne excavated	
Dimension	<b>ns:</b> 2.85m	x 0.60m	Max. depth: 3m		Ground level: 27.07m aOD		
Context	Context Description						
101	Topsoil	Mid grey l	Mid grey brown silty sand with occasional, sub rounded- rounded,				
		moderate	moderately sorted gravel/pebbles that are < 40mm in size				
102	Natural	Light brov	Light brown yellow clay sand mainly sand with rare-occasional				
	gravel/pebbles < 60mm, sub rounded and moderately sorted						

TEST PIT	2	Type:	Machir	ne excavated				
Dimensions: 2.83m x 0.62m   Max. depth: 3m   Ground level: 27.1					4m aOD			
Context	Descripti	on				Depth bgl (m)		
201	Topsoil		lid grey brown silty sand with occasional, sub rounded-rounded ravel/pebbles <60mm moderately sorted.					
202	Subsoil	moderatel located wi	Mid brown clay sand with occasional sub rounded-rounded, moderately sorted, occasional pebbles. A possible sub soil only located with in this Trial Pit and it might be a slightly stained top layer of natural.					
203	Natural	gravels/pe	Mid brown yellow clay sand with occasional rounded gravels/pebbles <60mm mod sorted. At a depth of 0.76m the natural becomes more clayey.					

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 3 Type: Machine					
Dimensio	Dimensions: 2.55m x 0.65m Max. depth: 2.6m Ground level: 27.26			m aOD		
Context	Context Description					
301	Topsoil		Mid grey brown sandy silt with gravel/pebble inclusions <70mm, bunded, occasional, moderately sorted			
302	Subsoil		Aid brown silty clay sand with occasional gravel/pebbles <60mmm, sub rounded-rounded, moderately sorted			
303	Natural		Mid yellow brown sand clay with gravel/pebble inclusions <60mm sub rounded- rounded, moderately sorted, occasional.			

TEST PIT	<b>'</b> 4			Type:	Machine	excavated	
Dimensions: 2.10m x 0.65m Max. depth: 3.25m				Ground lev	vel: 26.85	m aOD	
Context	Context Description						Depth bgl (m)
401	Topsoil	inclusions	Mid grey brown silty sand with rare sub rounded gravel/pebble inclusions<60mm, rare, sub rounded, mod sorted. Contained a single piece of burnt flint.				0 – 0.3mm
402	Natural		Mid brown yellow clay sand, clear from the top soil. Gravel/pebble inclusions rounded, <80mm moderately sorted rare-occasional				0.3m+

TEST PIT	EST PIT 5					Machine	excavated	
Dimensions: 2.20m x 0.65m Max. depth: 2.3m					Ground level: 28.04 aOD			
Context	Context Description						Depth bgl (m)	
501	Topsoil	Mid grey b	Mid grey brown silty clay with rare, sub rounded gravel/pebbles					
		<50mm, n	<50mm, moderately sorted. Clear from the natural.					
502	Natural	Mid yellov	Mid yellow brown clay with sands. It contained rare-occasional,					
		rounded g	rounded gravel/pebbles <80mm moderately sorted					



TEST PIT	6		Type:	Machine	excavated		
Dimension	Dimensions: 3.9m x 0.60m Max. depth: 4m				/el: 28.81	m aOD	
Context Description						Depth bgl (m)	
601	Topsoil	Mid grey b	prown silty sand with rare gravel/pebb	les <50mm s	sub	0-0.31m	
		rounded n	bunded moderately sorted. It contained a single piece of pottery				
602	Natural	Light yello	w brown clay sand with no inclusions	3		0.31m+	

TEST PIT	7	Type:	Machine	excavated		
Dimensions: 2.9m x 0.7m			Max. depth: 2.90m	Ground level: 28.35m aOD		
Context	Context Description					
701	Topsoil		Mid grey brown silty sand with gravel/pebble inclusions <60mm, sub rounded- rounded, moderately sorted.			
702	Natural	sorted <60	Mid yellow clay sand with rare gravel/pebbles inclusions < well sorted <60mm, rounded, well sorted. Slightly diffuse interface it may have been the subject of previous interventions/landscaping.			

TEST PIT	8				Type:	Machine	excavated
Dimension	Dimensions: 3.70m Max. depth: 4m Ground level: 28.09m a				m aOD		
Context	Context Description						Depth bgl (m)
801	Topsoil	oil Mid grey brown silty sand with rare gravel/pebbles inclusions, occasional, moderately sorted, <40mm					
802	Layer		Redeposited natural layer light yellow brown clay sand with rare gravel/pebble inclusions <50mm, moderately sorted, sub rounded-				
803	Layer	gravel/pet occasiona	Redeposited top soil layer mid grey brown silty sand with gravel/pebble inclusions <50mm, sub rounded – rounded, occasional. It contained Modern C.B.M (not retained) <30mm, sub rounded poorly sorted, occasional.				0.29m-0.4m
804	Natural		w brown clay sand with grave y sorted, occasional- moderat			ed,	0.4m+

TEST PIT	9			Type:	Machine	excavated	
Dimensio	<b>ns:</b> 3.9m x	0.6m	Max. depth: 04.1m	Ground le	vel: 31.00	)m aOD	
Context Description						Depth bgl (m)	
901	Topsoil		Mid grey brown silty sand with gravel/pebble inclusions <60mm, sub rounded- rounded, poorly sorted, occasional density.				
902	Layer	Redeposit inclusions	Redeposited natural layer light yellow brown sandy clay. No				
903	Layer	detritus in angular- s sub angul encounter the 4.1m of	und- modern. Mid brown grey silty so cluding plastic mesh and C.B.M (not sub rounded, occasional. Gravel/peb ar-sub rounded. The layer may be a red in west corner at 1.10 but this lay depth of the trench. Possibly associatent buildings on the site. Possibly present the site.	retained) <90 ble inclusions a feature as n er carried on ated with the e	Omm sub < <60mm atural beyond erection	0.58m-4.1m+	
904	Natural	Light yellow brown clay sand with no inclusions. The natural is only present within the west corner of the trench and appears to be truncated through by made ground layer 903.				1.10m+	



TEST PIT 10 Type: Machine						e excavated	
Dimensions: 3.95m x 0.6m			Max. depth: 4m	Ground level: 30.76m aOD			
Context	Descripti	on	Depth bgl (m)				
1001	Topsoil	Mid grey brown sand silt with occasional pebble/gravel inclusions 0-0.27m <60mm, subrounded & moderately sorted.					
1002	Layer	Mid yellow brown silty clay sand no inclusions. Mixed redeposited natural layer.  0.27m-0.35m					
1003	Layer	Made ground Mid brown grey silty sandy clay with modern detritus inclusions including complete bricks occasional and plastic mesh and not retained					
1004	Layer	Light yello	1.8m-2.5m				
1005	Layer	Mid grey to due to the natural.	2.5m-2.8m				
1006	Layer	Light Yello 1004	2.8m+				



#### **APPENDIX 2 - OASIS FORM**

#### OASIS ID: wessexar1-184837

**Project details** 

Project name McLaren Production Centre

Short description of the project

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Mclaren Group Ltd through their agent Terence O'Rourke Ltd to undertake an archaeological watching brief on land at the McLaren Technology Centre, Woking, Surrey. The archaeological watching brief comprised of monitoring the excavation of 10 geotechnical test pits which were located on the proposed building development. The work was undertaken the 23rd to 24th June 2014. No evidence of any archaeological features were found during the watching brief however test pits 8, 9 and 10 did display signs of modern disturbance which may have been associated with the landscaping of the grounds of the McLaren Production Centre (MPC) building.

Project dates Start: 23-06-2014 End: 24-06-2014

Previous/future work Yes / Not known

Any associated project reference

72743 - Sitecode

codes

Type of project Recording project

Site status None

Current Land use Industry and Commerce 1 - Industrial

Monument type NONE None

Significant Finds NONE None

Investigation type "Test-Pit Survey"

Prompt Direction from Local Planning Authority - PPG16

**Project location** 

Country England

Site location SURREY WOKING WOKING McLaren Production Centre

Postcode GU21 4YH

Study area 0 Hectares

Site coordinates TQ 01250 61816 51.3458894813 -0.546057731708 51 20 45 N 000 32 45 W

Point

Height OD / Depth Min: 23.00m Max: 32.00m

**Project creators** 

Name of Organisation

Wessex Archaeology



Project brief originator

Terence O'Rourke Ltd

Project design originator

Wessex Archaeology

Project

director/manager

Gareth Chaffey

Project supervisor

Simon Flaherty

Type of

sponsor/funding

body

Developer

Name of sponsor/funding

body

McLaren Group Ltd

**Project archives** 

Physical Archive

Exists?

No

Digital Archive

recipient

Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre

Digital Archive ID 72743

**Digital Contents** "none"

Digital Media available

"Images raster / digital photography", "Survey", "Text"

Paper Archive

recipient

Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre

Paper Archive ID 72743

**Paper Contents** "none"

Paper Media available

"Context sheet", "Diary", "Notebook - Excavation', 'Research', 'General Notes", "Plan", "Report", "Survey "

**Project** bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

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Plate 1: South facing representative section of Test pit 6

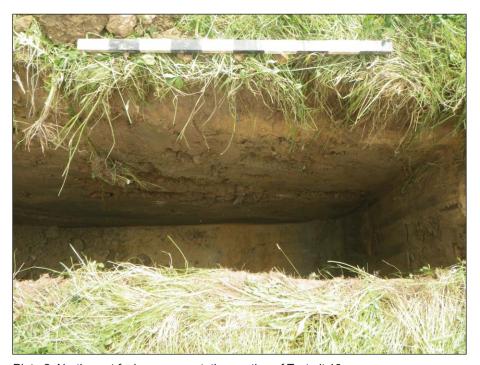


Plate 2: North west facing representative section of Test pit 10

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